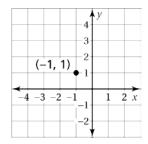
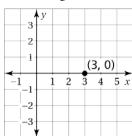
4.7 Writing Equations in Point-Slope Form and Slope-Intercept Form

Draw a line with the given slope through the given point. Afterwards, use the **point-slope** form to write an equation of the line with the given slope that passes through the given point.

1)
$$m = 3$$



2)
$$m = -\frac{2}{3}$$



Write in **point-slope** form an equation of the line that passes through the given point and has the given slope.

3)
$$(4, -2)$$
; $m = \frac{1}{4}$

4)
$$(-3, 5)$$
; $m = -\frac{4}{3}$

5)
$$(2, 2)$$
; $m = -1$

6)
$$(-1, -5)$$
; $m = 4$

Write in **slope-intercept** form an equation of the line that passes through the given points.

7)
$$(-3, -4), (6, -1)$$

8)
$$(-4, 12), (2, -3)$$

9)
$$(-1, -2), (1, -6)$$

10)
$$(-2, -9), (1, 6)$$

12)
$$(-5, -8), (10, 4)$$

- 13) You are pulling a kite back to the ground at a rate of 2 feet per second. After 4 seconds, the kite is 16 feet above the ground.
 - a. Write an equation that represents the height *y* (in feet) above the ground after *x* seconds.
 - b. At what height was the kite when you started pulling it in?
 - c. When does the kite touch the ground?